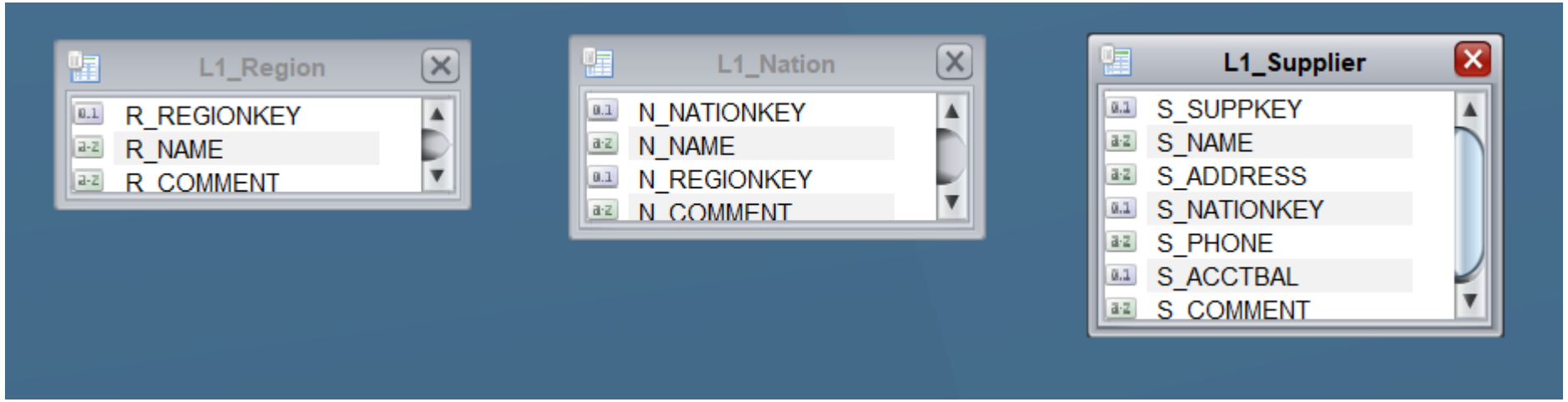
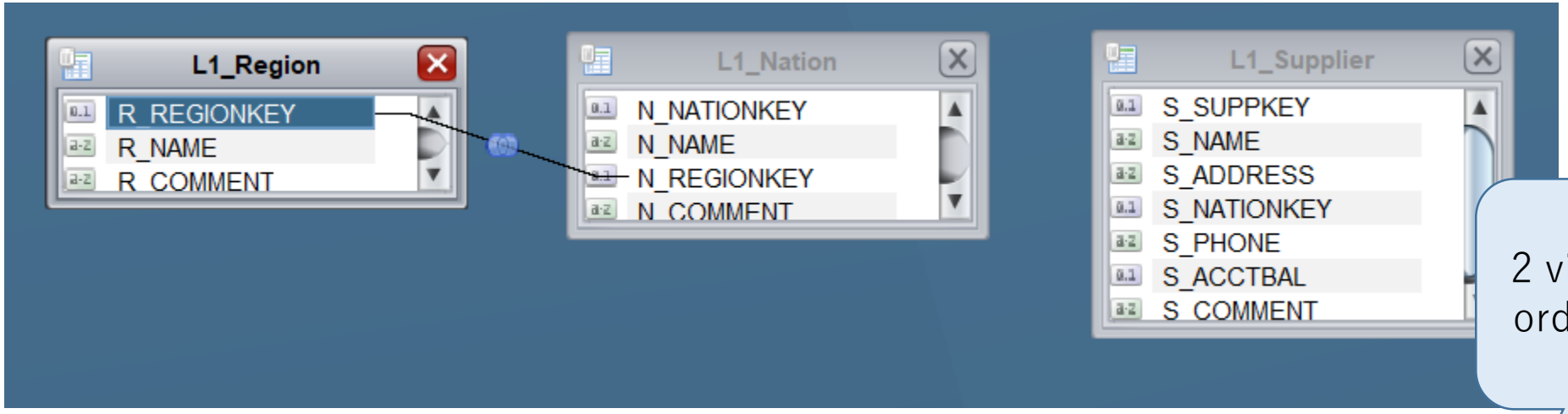
Amount of data: Region < Nation < Supplier

1. Place base views in this order, which is least number to most.




```
SELECT
    *
FROM
    /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Region L1_Region,
    /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Nation L1_Nation,
    /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Supplier L1_Supplier
```

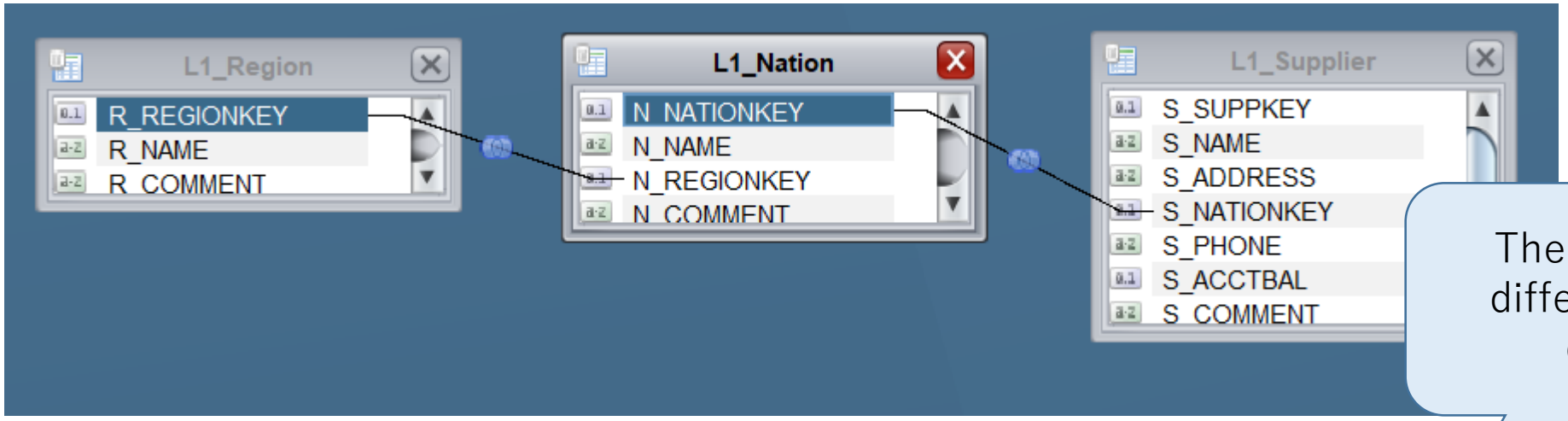
2. Join Region and Nation



2 views are joined in the order of their alignment.

```
1  SELECT
2      *
3  FROM
4      /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Region L1_Region INNER JOIN
5          /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Nation L1_Nation
6      ON L1_Region.R_REGIONKEY = L1_Nation.N_REGIONKEY,
7      /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Supplier L1_Supplier
```

3. Then, join Nation and Supplier



The order of views are different from what we expect usually.

```
1  SELECT
2      *
3  FROM
4      /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Supplier L1_Supplier INNER JOIN
5          /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Region L1_Region INNER JOIN
6              /users/composite/admin/L1_Physical/Snowflake/L1_Nation L1_Nation
7          ON L1_Region.R_REGIONKEY = L1_Nation.N_REGIONKEY
8      ON L1_Nation.N_NATIONKEY = L1_Supplier.S_NATIONKEY
```